

DAILY REPORT

Date	2016-08-23
Time (Eastern)	03:50 PM
Next Refit in	13 days
Last Refit Date	2016-08-12

MODEL INDICATORS

Variables in Order of Frequency of Inclusion	Value ¹
Proprietary Variable X	-0.35
Variance Risk Premium (VRP)	-0.13
Default Spread (DEF) *	0.31
New Orders/Shipments (NOS)	0.68
Baltic Dry Index (BDI)	0.31
Implied Correlation (IC) *	-1.38
Proprietary Variable Y *	-1.51
Short Interest (SI) *	-1.08
Consumption vs Wealth and Income (CAY)	-2.69
Moving Average (MA)	0

EQUITY RISK PREMIUM CALCULATION (ANNUALIZED)

	Estimate	Historical ²
Total Return	1.81%	10.96%
3-Month Treasury Bill Rate	0.30%	4.64%
Equity Risk Premium	1.51%	6.32%

MODEL CONCLUSIONS

Optimal Long Term Exposure:	-4%
Short Term Adjustment:	4%
Current Optimal Equity Exposure:	0%

Core stock market exposure is determined at the close of each trading day based on the output of the six-month equity risk premium model. In effect, stock prices are forecasted daily, as measured by the S&P 500 Index, six months out. In November 2015, a short-term overlay was introduced, based on a series of models that forecast the next day's change in stock prices. The core stock market exposure ranges from short 50% to long 150%. The short-term overlay can add or subtract up to 50 percentage points of exposure to the core stock market position. As a result, on any one day, allocation to the stock market can be as low as 100% short or as high as 200% long. However, these extreme positions are rare. The existing models evolve over time and new models may be introduced in the future.

A glossary of terms used in this report appears on the following page.

¹Bullish indicators are denoted by positive signs and bearish indicators by negative signs. Variables marked with * are currently not in the model.
²Calculated using S&P 500 and 3-Month Treasury Bill Rate between 1954 and present.

GLOSSARY

(Terms listed in order of appearance in the Daily Report)

- **Refit** – estimating the relationship between model indicators and future stock returns with the benefit of new data.
- **Proprietary variable** – a model indicator developed internally that is not disclosed to the public.
- **Variance Risk Premium** – the difference between volatility estimates observed in markets and recent realized volatility.
- **PCA** – abbreviation for Principal Components Analysis. A statistical process that takes a large number of variables and produces a smaller number of variables that contain much or most of the information in the original large set of variables.
- **Default Spread** – the difference between the low quality and high quality corporate bond yields.
- **New Orders / Shipments** – new orders for and shipments of manufactured durable goods, as published by the U.S. Department of Commerce.
- **Baltic Dry Index (BDI)** – an assessment of the price of moving raw materials by sea, published daily in London by the Baltic Exchange.
- **Implied Correlation** – average pairwise correlation inferred from the relationship between the implied volatility of an index of stocks and the individual implied volatilities of the stocks that make up the index.
- **Implied Volatility** – an estimate of the future volatility of a stock based on prices of options on the stock.
- **Short Interest** – a measure of aggregate stock market short interest based on a weighted sum of short interest of individual stocks. A market participant sells a stock short by borrowing it from a broker and selling it, hoping to buy it back at a lower price.
- **Consumption versus Wealth and Income (CAY)** – deviations from the equilibrium relationship among these three variables can predict future stock returns, according to a 2001 paper by Lettau and Ludvigson. Consumption and income are published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; wealth is published by the Federal Reserve.
- **Equity Risk Premium (ERP)** – the excess return that investing in the stock market provides over the return on a riskfree asset like U.S. Treasury bills. To report an annual forecast of the ERP, the 6 month forecast is taken and the historical mean ERP is added for the remaining 6 months.